



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

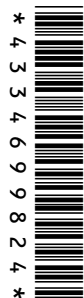
--

CENTRE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--

CANDIDATE
NUMBER

--	--	--	--



MATHEMATICS

9709/22

Paper 2 Pure Mathematics 2

May/June 2020

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

BLANK PAGE

- 1 Given that $2^y = 9^{3x}$, use logarithms to show that $y = kx$ and find the value of k correct to 3 significant figures. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

2 Find the exact coordinates of the stationary point on the curve with equation $y = 5xe^{\frac{1}{2}x}$. [5]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

3 The equation of a curve is $\cos 3x + 5 \sin y = 3$.

Find the gradient of the curve at the point $(\frac{1}{9}\pi, \frac{1}{6}\pi)$. [5]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

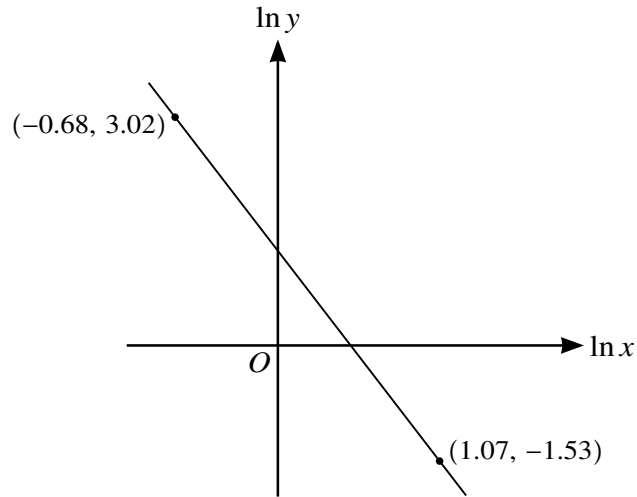
.....

.....

.....

.....

4



The variables x and y satisfy the equation $y = Ax^{-2p}$, where A and p are constants. The graph of $\ln y$ against $\ln x$ is a straight line passing through the points $(-0.68, 3.02)$ and $(1.07, -1.53)$, as shown in the diagram.

Find the values of A and p . [5]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

- 5 (a) Sketch, on the same diagram, the graphs of $y = |2x - 3|$ and $y = 3x + 5$. [2]

- (b) Solve the inequality $3x + 5 < |2x - 3|$. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

6 The polynomial $p(x)$ is defined by

$$p(x) = 6x^3 + ax^2 - 4x - 3,$$

where a is a constant. It is given that $(x + 3)$ is a factor of $p(x)$.

(a) Find the value of a . [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) Using this value of a , factorise $p(x)$ completely. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) Using the equation in part (a), show by calculation that $1 < a < 2$. [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(c) Use an iterative formula, based on the equation in part (a), to find the value of a correct to 4 significant figures. Give the result of each iteration to 6 significant figures. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

8 (a) Show that $3 \sin 2\theta \cot \theta \equiv 6 \cos^2 \theta$. [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) Solve the equation $3 \sin 2\theta \cot \theta = 5$ for $0 < \theta < \pi$. [3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.